REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE ROBERTSON COUNTY CLERK

For The Year Ended December 31, 2003



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

www.auditor.ky.gov

105 SEA HERO ROAD, SUITE 2 FRANKFORT, KY 40601-5404 TELEPHONE (502) 573-0050 FACSIMILE (502) 573-0067

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE ROBERTSON COUNTY CLERK

For The Year Ended December 31, 2003

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the Robertson County Clerk's audit for the year ended December 31, 2003. Based upon the audit work performed, the financial statement presents fairly in all material respects, the revenues, expenditures, and excess fees in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Financial Condition:

Excess fees increased by \$547 from the prior year, resulting in excess fees of \$35,047 as of December 31, 2003. Revenues increased by \$6,078 from the prior year and expenditures increased by \$5,733.

Report Comments:

- The County Clerk Should Turn Excess Fees Over To The County In A Timely Manner
- Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

Deposits:

The Clerk's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities or bonds.

PAGE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS	3
Notes To Financial Statement	5
COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	9
REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	13



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Bradley Gifford, Robertson County Judge/Executive The Honorable Stephanie Bogucki, Robertson County Clerk Members of the Robertson County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying statement of revenues, expenditures, and excess fees regulatory basis of the County Clerk of Robertson County, Kentucky, for the year ended December 31, 2003. This financial statement is the responsibility of the County Clerk. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Audit Guide for County Fee Officials issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, the County Clerk's office prepares the financial statement on a regulatory basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the revenues, expenditures, and excess fees of the County Clerk for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated October 8, 2004, on our consideration of the County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.



The Honorable Bradley Gifford, Robertson County Judge/Executive The Honorable Stephanie Bogucki, Robertson County Clerk Members of the Robertson County Fiscal Court

Based on the results of our audit, we have presented the accompanying comments and recommendations, included herein, which discusses the following report comments:

- The County Clerk Should Turn Excess Fees Over To The County In A Timely Manner
- Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the County Clerk and Fiscal Court of Robertson County, Kentucky, and the Commonwealth of Kentucky and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

Audit fieldwork completed - October 8, 2004

ROBERTSON COUNTY STEPHANIE BOGUCKI, COUNTY CLERK STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2003

Revenues			
State Fees For Services			\$ 266
Fiscal Court			55,124
Licenses and Taxes:			
Motor Vehicle-			
Licenses and Transfers		\$ 50,223	
Usage Tax		67,104	
Tangible Personal Property Tax		148,193	
Licenses-			
Marriage		380	
Deed Transfer Tax		3,955	
Delinquent Tax		 5,049	274,904
Fees Collected for Services:			
Recordings-			
Deeds, Easements, and Contracts		\$ 2,595	
Real Estate Mortgages		4,820	
Chattel Mortgages and Financing Statements		6,502	
Powers of Attorney		184	
All Other Recordings		2,905	
Charges for Other Services-		_,,	
Candidate Filing Fees		20	17,026
Total Revenues			\$ 347,320
Expenditures			
Payments to State:			
Motor Vehicle-			
Licenses and Transfers	\$ 38,608		
Usage Tax	65,231		
Tangible Personal Property Tax	59,442		
Licenses, Taxes, and Fees-	•		
Delinquent Tax	603		

1,991 \$

165,875

Legal Process Tax

ROBERTSON COUNTY

STEPHANIE BOGUCKI, COUNTY CLERK

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December $31,\,2003$

(Continued)

Expenditures (Continued)

Payments to Fiscal Court:					
Tangible Personal Property Tax	\$	12,657			
Delinquent Tax		699			
Deed Transfer Tax		3,758	\$ 17,114		
Payments to Other Districts:	_				
Tangible Personal Property Tax	\$	70,209			
Delinquent Tax		2,666	72,875		
Doviments to Chariff			242		
Payments to Sheriff			242		
Payments to County Attorney			828		
Operating Expenditures:					
Miscellaneous			694		
Total Expenditures				\$	257,628
Net Revenues				\$	89,692
Less: Statutory Maximum					54,645
Excess Fees				\$	35,047
				Ψ	
Payments to Fiscal Court for 2003					35,047
Balance Due Fiscal Court at Completion of Audit				\$	0

ROBERTSON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2003

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Fund Accounting

A fee official uses a fund to report on the results of operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fee official uses a fund for fees to account for activities for which the government desires periodic determination of the excess of revenues over expenditures to facilitate management control, accountability, and compliance with laws.

B. Basis of Accounting

Kentucky Revised Statute (KRS) 64.820 directs the fiscal court to collect any amount, including excess fees, due from the County Clerk as determined by the audit. KRS 64.152 requires the County Clerk to settle excess fees with the fiscal court by March 15 each year.

The financial statement has been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this regulatory basis of accounting, revenues and expenditures are generally recognized when cash is received or disbursed with the exception of accrual of the following items (not all-inclusive), at December 31, that may be included in the excess fees calculation:

- Interest receivable
- Collection on accounts due from others for 2003 services
- Reimbursements for 2003 activities
- Payments due other governmental entities for December tax and fee collections and payroll
- Payments due vendors for goods or services provided in 2003

The measurement focus of a fee official is upon excess fees. Remittance of excess fees is due to the County Treasurer in the subsequent year.

C. Cash and Investments

At the direction of the fiscal court, KRS 66.480 authorizes the County Clerk's office to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

ROBERTSON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2003 (Continued)

Note 2. Employee Retirement System

The county officials and employees have elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a multiple-employer public retirement system that covers all eligible full-time employees.

Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5.0 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 6.34 percent for the first six months and 7.34 percent for the last six months of the year.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65.

Historical trend information pertaining to CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report which is a matter of public record.

Note 3. Deposits

The County Clerk maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). According to KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the County Clerk and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met, and as of December 31, 2003, the County Clerk's deposits were fully insured at a 100% level.



ROBERTSON COUNTY STEPHANIE BOGUCKI, COUNTY CLERK COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2003

STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS:

The County Clerk Should Turn Excess Fees Over To The County In A Timely Manner

The County Clerk submitted excess fees to the county in twelve payments for 2003. Two of the twelve payments were not made in a timely manner as required. The county's fee pooling resolution requires the County Clerk to submit excess fees to the county on a monthly basis. We recommend the County Clerk submit excess fee payments to the county in a timely manner as required.

County Clerk's Response:

Will try to be in compliance next year.

INTERNAL CONTROL - REPORTABLE CONDITION AND MATERIAL WEAKNESS:

Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

We noted the lack of adequate segregation duties for the internal control structure and its operation that in our judgment is a reportable condition under the standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Due to the entity's diversity of official operations, small size, and budget restrictions the official has limited options for establishing an adequate segregation of duties. Management has considered and rejected additional cost when setting limits on spending for salaries and therefore accepts the degree of risk associated with a lack of segregation of duties. The County Clerk is the only full-time employee of the office, therefore, we recommend the County Clerk consider the use of other county personnel to perform comparisons of the County Clerk's receipts and disbursements ledgers to bank receipts and disbursements and to review monthly reconciliations completed by the County Clerk.

County Clerk's Response:

Due to budget restraints we can only hire a part-time deputy.

PRIOR YEAR:

The County Clerk Should Make Daily Deposits

This was resolved during 2003.

The County Clerk Should Turn Excess Fees Over To The County In A Timely Manner

This was not resolved and is reported in the current audit.

Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

This was not resolved and is reported in the current audit.



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



The Honorable Bradley Gifford, Robertson County Judge/Executive The Honorable Stephanie Bogucki, Robertson County Clerk Members of the Robertson County Fiscal Court

> Report On Compliance And On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the statement of revenues, expenditures, and excess fees - regulatory basis of the Robertson County Clerk for the year ended December 31, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated October 8, 2004. This was a special report on the County Clerk's financial statement prepared in accordance with a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Robertson County Clerk's financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2003, is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which is described in the accompanying comments and recommendations.

The County Clerk Should Turn Excess Fees Over To The County In A Timely Manner

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Robertson County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted a certain matter involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be a reportable condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the entity's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statement. A reportable condition is described in the accompanying comments and recommendations.



Report On Compliance And On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statement being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we consider the reportable condition described above to be a material weakness.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

Audit fieldwork completed - October 8, 2004